

From 1920s Ellis Island, to the Virginia State Colony for Epileptics and Feebleminded, to the rugged beauty of the Blue Ridge Mountains, and beyond, a young immigrant fights for her dignity and those she loves against America's rising eugenics movement, when policies of prejudice later echoed in Hitler's "final solution" drove the state-mandated imprisonment and forced sterilization of those considered "unfit" based on class, race, disability, education, and country of origin.

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## THE LIES THEY TOLD by Ellen Marie Wiseman

July 29, 2025 / Historical Fiction Hardcover / ISBN: 978-1-4967-5806-4 Trade Paperback / ISBN: 978-1-4967-4150-9



They were promised a haven for the tired, the poor, the huddled masses yearning to breathe free.

Then they were criminalized, robbed, and imprisoned in the name of "genetic purity."

Because before it fueled the Nazis in Europe, eugenics was all the rage in America.

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# The Past is Present

"We cannot have too much immigration of the right kind, and we should have none of the wrong kind."

—President Theodore Roosevelt, 1905

"The biggest problem was the influx of emigrants . . . . unwanted

human debris . . . from abroad, degrading good pioneer stock through intermarriage."

-Leon Whitney, 1934

"You wouldn't believe how bad these people are.
These aren't people. These are animals."

-Donald Trump, 2018

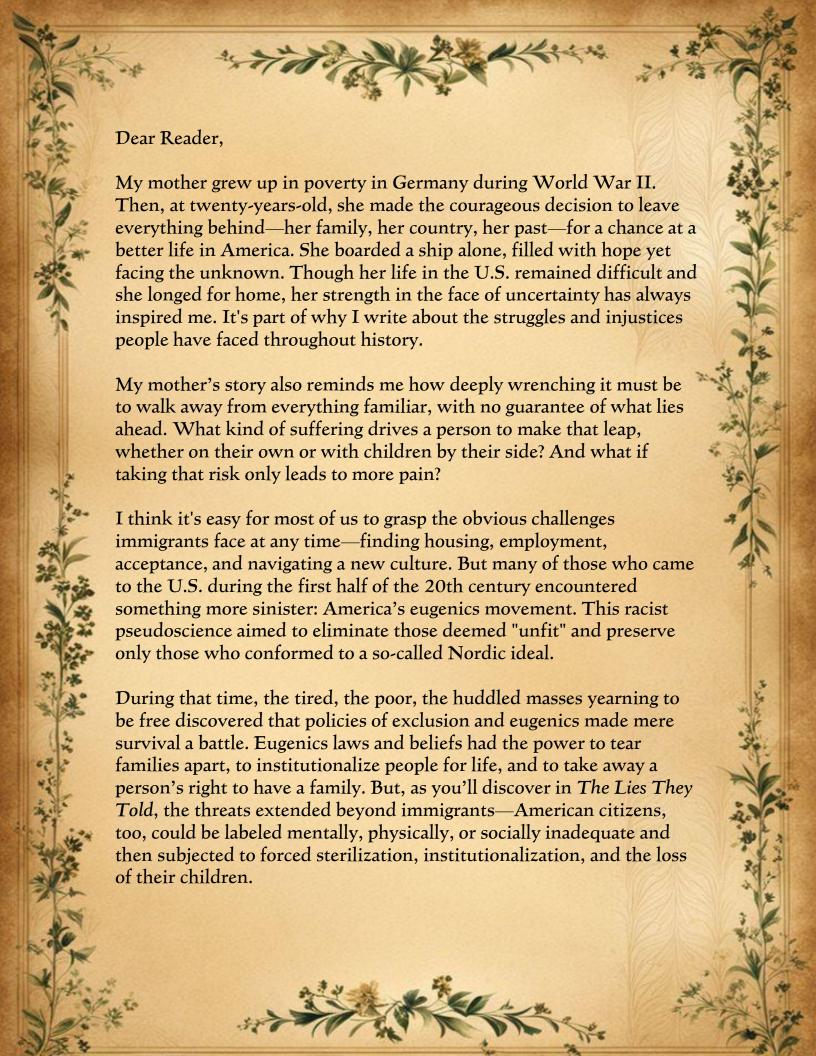
## From the Author's Note in The Lies They Told:

While this is a dark time in history to look back on, thirty-one states in the U.S., as well as Washington, D.C., still have laws that allow forced sterilization for the disabled, the incarcerated, and immigrants. In 2020, forced sterilizations at a U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement detention center in Ocilla, Georgia, attracted national attention.

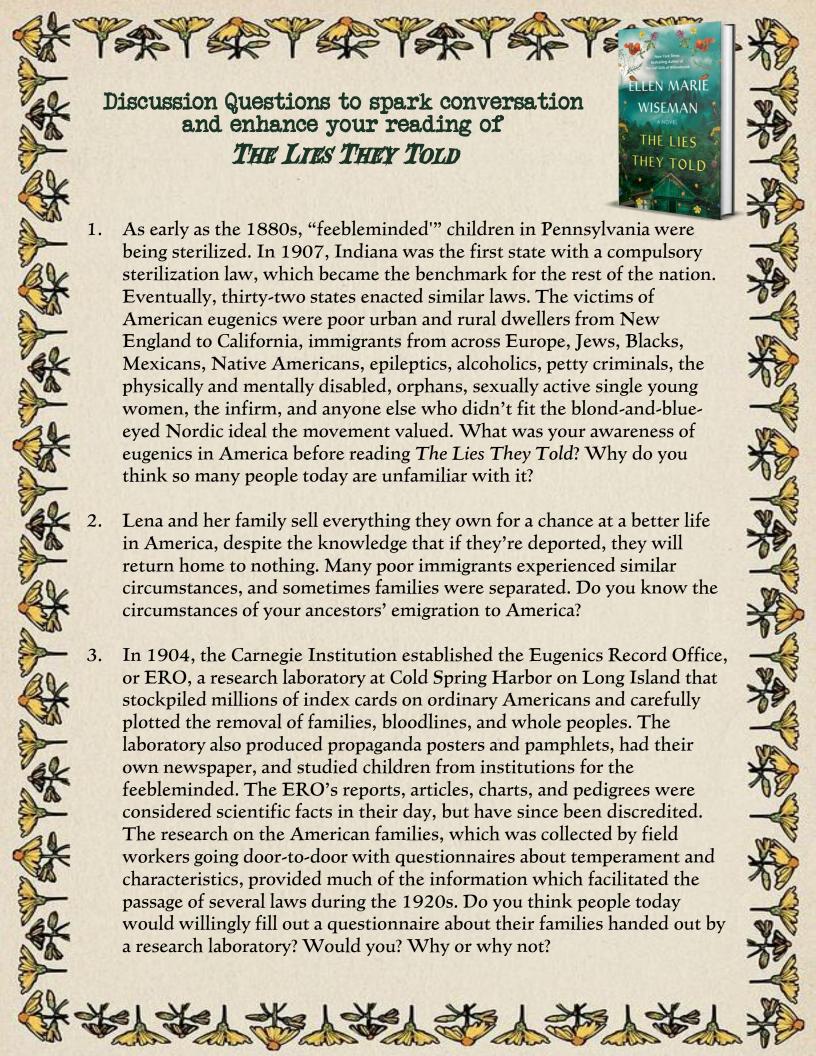








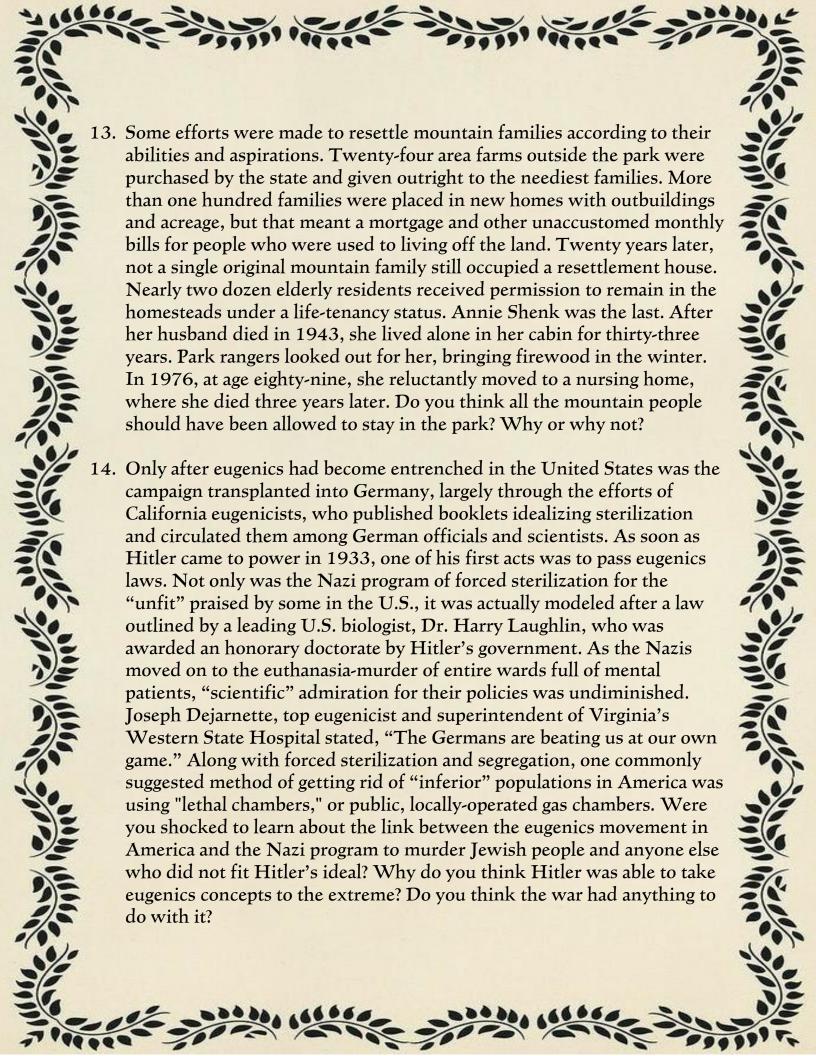
I chose to write about America's eugenics movement because of its chilling connections to the Holocaust, mental asylums, and state institutions—topics I've explored in past novels. It's a dark and painful chapter in our history, but it's one that echoes many of the injustices we see in the world today. When I began researching this topic over three years ago, I never imagined how alarmingly relevant it would be now. Even before recent events during which we saw migrants and citizens alike being detained and sent away, laws in thirty-one states and Washington, D.C. still permitted forced sterilization of immigrants, people with disabilities, and the incarcerated. The Lies They Told only scratches the surface of this disturbing legacy. For more on the historical context, please read the Author's Note and Reading Guide at the back of the book. I hope this novel both entertains and inspires you. But more than anything, I hope it invites you to walk in the shoes of those who've lived through fear and injustice—to see their humanity, acknowledge their pain, and remember that everyone, regardless of race, nationality, religion, education, or ability, deserves empathy, dignity, safety, and the chance to live free. With gratitude, Un Mary Wigman Ellen



During the first half of the twentieth century, America's sentiments towards immigrant groups changed dramatically, and a fear of the "new immigrants" emerged. The main concern was that they would become a public burden and degrade the quality of American life. After surviving a brutal passage to the U.S., immigrants were immediately judged based on their race, origin, class, and health upon arrival. Following each examination, inspectors used chalk to draw symbols on those who were suspected to be sick or mentally inferior. Some immigrants supposedly wiped the chalk marks off secretly or reversed their clothes to avoid medical detention in rooms or cages. What was your awareness of the testing done on Ellis Island before reading The Lies They Told? Do you think it was too strict? Not strict enough? Do you think it was unfair? After being put through numerous physical examinations and IQ tests on Ellis Island, Lena and her daughter are sent to Hoffman Island to be deloused, where they are instructed to strip naked and sprayed with chemicals. Had you ever heard of Hoffman Island and the process that was used there to get rid of lice? Did the description of the shower chambers remind you of anything? When Lena's brother Enzo is labeled "feebleminded," one of the immigration inspectors threatens to send him to the Psychopathic Pavilion for the rest of his life. Were you aware that Ellis Island had a psychiatric ward, a maternity hospital, an isolation ward, and a contagious disease hospital? Were you aware that thousands of immigrants were detained and died on Ellis Island? When Lena finds out her mother and brother are being deported, she has to decide whether or not to stay in the U.S. How do you think motherhood influenced Lena's decision? If she had been childless, do you think she would have tried harder to go back to Germany with her mother and brother or do you think she would have stayed in the U.S.? What would you have done in her situation?

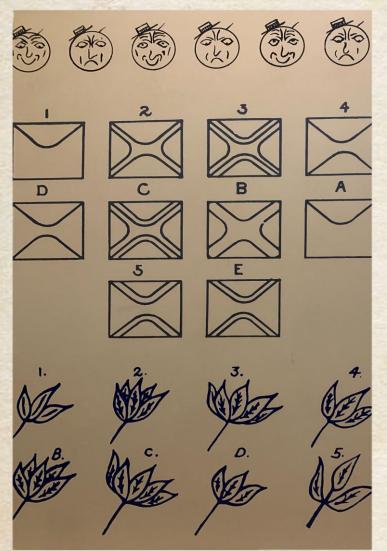
When Lena learns Bonnie and Jack Henry have been instructed to hide if the sheriff or any strangers come around, Lena wonders if she and Ella would be safer somewhere else, even though she has no idea where she could go. At another point in the story, she thinks about running away. If Lena had found a way to leave Wolfe Hollow, what do you think would have happened to her? Where do you think she would have gone? Do you think she would have been better off or worse? 9. Numerous mountain children who were photographed by Arthur Rothstein ended up in the Virginia State Colony, where many of them would be forcibly sterilized. Some of the children were committed just days after Rothstein photographed them. The photographs were printed free of charge in newspapers across the country to convince the public that the mountain people would be better off if they were relocated. Can you think of other instances when media has used photographs to sway public opinion? 10. With support from the American Eugenics Society's Committee, the first Fitter Family Contest was held at the Kansas State Free Fair in 1920. The contest was founded by the pioneers of the Baby Health Examination movement, which sprang from a "Better Baby" contest at the 1911 Iowa State Fair and quickly spread to forty states. To compete for the title of a "Fitter Family," a "healthy" family had to provide a condensed record of family traits and history before being administered a medical exam, syphilis test, and psychiatric evaluation. While waiting for their examination, contestants could learn about heredity in Mendel's Theatre or watch a display of flashing lightbulbs that supposedly illustrated the alarming social cost of the high birth rate of the unfit. At the time, it was believed that certain behavioral qualities were passed down from parents to children. This led to the addition of several judging categories including generosity, self-sacrificing, and quality of familial bonds. Additionally, there were negative features that were judged: selfishness, jealousy, suspiciousness, high temperedness, cruelty, feeblemindedness, alcoholism, and paralysis. Each family member was given an overall letter grade of eugenic health, and the family with the highest grade average was awarded a silver trophy. All contestants with a B+ or better received bronze medals bearing the inscription, "Yea, I have a goodly heritage." As expected, the Fitter Families Contest mirrored the eugenics movement itself; winners were invariably white with western and northern European heritage. Had you ever heard of these contests? What about the Better Baby contests, which in some states were only open to white babies?

కెంన్రోతన్లోత 11. In 1928, Virginia passed the Public Park Condemnation Act, which took 200,000 acres from landowners and farmers and donated it to the federal government to establish the Shenandoah National Park. Soon afterward, strangers appeared in the mountains: surveyors, commissioners, social workers, and doctors, all talking about evictions, condemnation proceedings, proof of ownership, and resettlement. Not only were more than 500 families forced off the land, but most did not qualify for compensation. More than half, nearly 300 of them, did not legally own the land they had farmed and lived on for generations. And with the Great Depression in full swing, real estate values had plummeted across the nation, making it a buyer's market in the Blue Ridge. Of the one hundred ninety-seven owners who received money, only thirty-four were paid more than \$2,000. Fertile pastures were valued at \$10 to \$25 an acre, mountain parcels at \$1 to \$5. Some left willingly, while others did everything they could to stay. Some wrote letters or threatened violence. Others waited until the last minute, departing only when the sheriff and a Civilian Conservation Corps crew came to put them out. Ultimately 2,800 people were forced from their homes. To discourage people from returning, every vacated homesite was destroyed by burning, bulldozing, or disassembling. All signs of schools, churches, stores, and mills were largely removed from the park, considered historically insignificant. Of 2,000 homesites marking nearly three centuries of habitation, only a single structure remains intact in Shenandoah National Park: Corbin Cabin in Nicholson Hollow. Did you realize mountain families were displaced to form Shenandoah National Park? Do you know anyone who was affected by the formation of the park? How do you think it made them feel? How would you feel if someone took your home from you? Do you think it was right for the government to evict 2,800 people for the park? Do you think it could have been handled differently? 12. Throughout history, there have been stories about people committing suicide after losing everything—their homes, their jobs, their families. And unless you've experienced something similar, it's hard to understand how someone could feel that desperate. Were you surprised by what Silas did after the state took his children, burned down his house, and stole his land? What do you think you would have done in that situation? ره گره گره گره ۱



## Ellis Island:

Tests & Inspection Process





#### Visual Comparison Tests

By 1917, immigration laws prohibited the admission of all aliens diagnosed as suffering from any mental impairment. Doctors at Ellis Island developed tests such as this because they believed an interpreter wasn't required to explain them.

### Doctors' Inspection Codes

×	Suspected mental defect	F	Pace	P	Physical and Lungs
0	Definite signs of	Fŧ	Feet	Pg	Programmy
Ø	mental disease observed	G	Geitter	Sc	Scale (Perce)
В	Back	Н	Heart	S	Sentity
C	Conjunctivitis	K	Hernin		
СТ	Trachoma	L	Lassessa		
9	Eyen	N	Neck		

### The Feature Profile Test

In the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, immigrants at Ellis Island were told to complete this wooden puzzle. Those who failed to assemble it correctly risked being labeled "feebleminded" and deported.





## Arthur Rothstein Photographs

from the United States Resettlement Administration

While he appears as a character in *The Lies They Told*, Arthur Rothstein was a real-life photojournalist who was hired by the Farm Security Administration as their first staff photographer.

His first assignment was to document Virginia farmers who would be evicted to make way for the Shenandoah National Park and about to be relocated by the Resettlement Administration.









## America's Eugenics Movement

## MARRIAGES, - FIT AND UNFIT

1 PURE + PURE: "-

CHILDREN NORMAL

2. ABNORMAL + ABNORMAL !-

CHILDREN ABNORMAL

3. PURE + ABNORMAL:-

CHILDREN NORMAL BUT TAINTED:\*
SOME GRANDCHILDREN ABNORMAL.

4. TAINTED + ABNORMAL:-

CHILDREN & NORMAL BUT TAINTED & ABNORMAL

5. TAINTED + PURE :-

CHILDREN: & PURE NORMAL

1 NORMAL BUT TAINTED

6. TAINTED + TAINTED

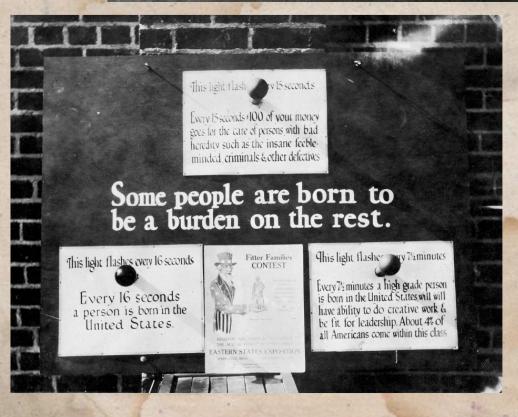
CHILDREN: OF EVERY FOUR, I-ABNORMAL 1 PURE NORMAL, AND 2 TAINTED,

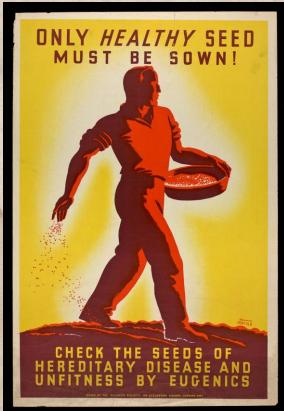
PURE - NORMAL AND TRANSMITTING ONLY NORMAL.
TAINTED - NORMAL BUT CAN TRANSMIT ASNORMALITY.

ABNORMAL SHOWING THE ABNORMALITY.

HOW LONG

ARE WE AMERICANS TO
BE SO CAREFUL FOR THE
PEDIGREE OF OUR PIGS
AND CHICKENS AND
CATTLE,— AND THEN
LEAVE THE ANCESTRY
OF OUR CHILDREN
TO CHANGE, OR TO
"BLIND" SENTIMENT?





## The Fitter Family Contests





Fitter Families Contest Medal



Photo by Emanuel Wolfe

# EUGENIC CERTIFICATE

THIS GUARANTEES that I have examined the sender of this card and find a perfect Physical and Mental Balance and unusually strong Eusenic Love possibilities, well fitted to promote the happiness and future welfare of the race.

... Imat false SID



3/0-70

54

#### Popular Science Monthly

## Registering Human Pedigrees

How Kansas Developes Fitter Families; A Remarkable Experiment in Eugenics

By Arthur Capper, U. S. Senator from Kansas



The E average American family of today is the result of haphazard mating. Men and women marry with little scientific thought as to their physical and mental fitness for bearing and rearing children. When the children come they too often are brought up in the same haphazard fashion in which their parents chose each other. Is it any wonder that the number of mentally and

For years, American



The Eugenics Building at the Kansas Free Fair, where families are judged and registered. Scated in the center is a "fitter family" surrounded by examiners



Dr. Florence B. Sherbor

member of a family, Another sheet of the record shows the results of the intelligence test, and an examina-pocialist of the nerve reflexes, emotional and intellectual responses. A thorough structural examination is made, including strength tests and measurements. The medical record gives the results of a companie examination, with blood pressure, hemadolish blood test and the Wasserman blood test. Every member of test family is examined



# ESTIMATE OF COMPARATIVE NATURAL INTELLIGENCE OF THE TOTAL WHITE AND FOREIGN-BORN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

Bassa Bythological Examination of 94,004 white men selected at random, but pro-rate by states, in the United States Army, of whom 12,407 were foreign-bern (now 30, 70 pt to 100 Arm, Now 100 and 100

1	2	. 3	4	5	- 6	7	- 8	9	10	11	12
Intelligence Grade			Actual Psychology	Sample Actual Psychological Examination Psychological Psychological Group Psychological Group		Rough Estimate of Matural Intelligence by Letter Grade-Distribution of the Whote White Population of the whole White Population					
3,700	100	Qualities	White Druft	Foreign Born 12,407 men	Whole H	haire Population			en White Populati		Relative Frequency of Liner-Grade - Intelligence in 100,000 of Intal Walte
Class Grade	Letter	of Grades	erman continues	Period Deletation	Preset	Number Destrobution	Latter Grace Hermany nor 102000 perfector Grace of Proceedings	Place at Disfraçadora	Namber Digitalistas Transmistrature	Letter Guill Property per 100,000 pertyridan Greek of Providence	Broke & in 100,000 of total White Broke & in 100,000 Foreign B. White Broken Br
I. VERY SUPERIOR	1	Fig8 Jame of Leaders who passed by when explosing pushing agreels of high com- tractions are no	4.1	12.	4.1	3,325,435 (#(Md,M)	4,100	1.1	153,128 (V,309,690)	1,100	26.4%
2. SUPERIOR	В	First Class Exercise Network	8.0	2.9	8.° (46.6)	6,488,653 (71,781,754)	8,000	2.*	403,700 (0.767,640)	2,900	36.35%
3.HIGH AVERAGE	C+	The inhilipent and second surelen	15.1	7.3	15.1	12,247,332 (Popular)	15,100	7.3	1,016,211	7,300	48,34%
4. AVERAGE	C	Good Common Warrer	23.7	26.4	23.7	19,222,534 (np.+4(7+1)	23,700	26.4 ( 44.7)	3,702,904	26,600	112,13 %
s. LOW AVERAGE	C-	Orderry survier smore shrecken	25.0	16.5	25.° (*9*)	20,277,041	25,000	16,5 (4a1)	2,296,914 (#,644,74g)	16,500	66.00%
6. INFERIOR	D.	Staur in and quit who bely despressions consider	17.0	30,ė	17.°. (24.°)	13,788,387	17,000	30,8	4,287,573 (4,541,656)	30,800	181.17 💢
7. VERY INFERIOR	D-E	Ent pypersone utale South Ing invelopme Inglis charter raise of later species cost of Appendices	7.1	14.8	7.1	5,758,579 ( 5,745,679)	7,100	14. <sup>8</sup> (14. <sup>9</sup> )	2,060,262 (2,044,362)	14,800	208.77 %
TOTAL						81,108,161			13,920,692	1	

Note: The compilations of columns 5 to 12 are extinsion based upon the most accurate and extensive studies not made in the measurement at Marianat Intelligence.

The 12,407 Pareign been of setumn 5 are included in the 94,004 deats of column 4.

Column 8, as an estimate any, distributes the 81,60,161 total white population (men scene a children) of the United States (census 1980) according to the distribution of the sample of 99,004 tested white men recorded in column 4.

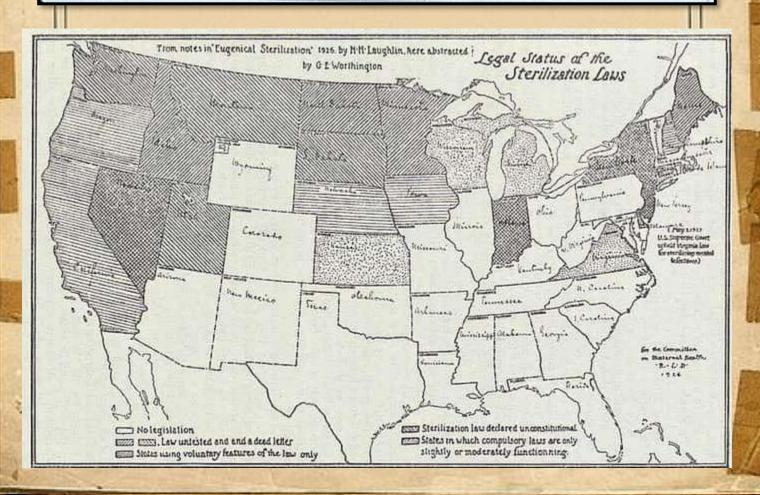
Column II, similarly, as an assimate of their intelligence, distributes the 13,920,692 foreign born population of the United States (census 1929) according to the distribution of the Sample of 12,407 tested foreign born men recorded in column 5.

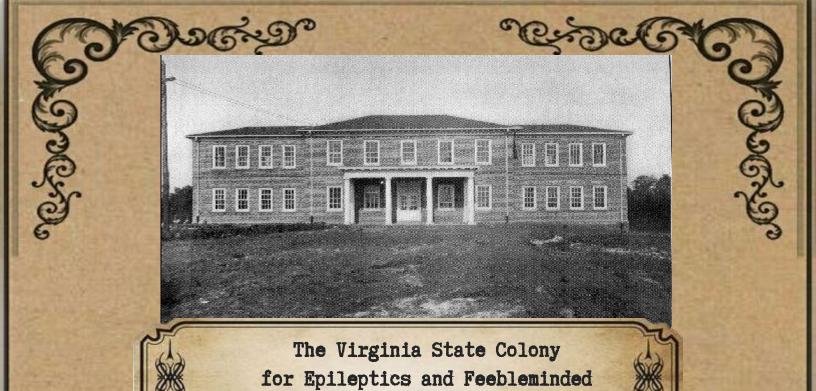
Column 12 shows the relative frequency of the total white and the foreign-bern dr. fts (cot. 9 + cot. 6) in each of the 7 intelligence grades.

## - ## Suggested line of demoration in natural intelligence standards for immigrants. This, as a minimum standard, should apply to both the individual and to his or her family stock.

#### STATE CRITERIA FOR LEGAL EUGENICAL STERILIZATION

STATE	TYPE OF PATIENT
Alabama	"Feebleminded."
Arizona	"Inmates of Hospital for Insane".
California	"Feebleminded, habitual criminals, insane, idiots, mental defectives."
Connecticut	Feebleminded, insane, idiots, imbeciles and those with inherited tendency to crime."
Delaware	"Mentally defectives, insane, feebleminded or epileptic persons."
Idaho	Feebleminded, insane, epileptics, habitual criminals, morally degenerate persons."
Indiana	Hereditary insane, feebleminded or epileptic."
Iowa	Feebleminded, insane, syphilitic, habitual criminals, morally degenerate persons."
Kansas	reebleminded, insane, habitual criminals."
Maine	Feebleminded."
Michigan	Mentally defectives, insane."
Minnesota	"Feebleminded, insane."
Mississippi	Persons with hereditary form of insanity, feeblemindedness, idiocy, epilepsy.
Montana	reebleminded, insane, epileptic."
Nebraska	Insane and feebleminded."
New Hampshire	"Feeblemindedness or certain forms of other mental diseases."
North Carolina	Mentally dejective persons.
North Dakota	Feebleminded, insane, epileptic, habitual criminals, moral degenerates and sexual perverts."
Oklahoma	nabitual Criminals, hereditary feebleminded insane idiots imbeciles epileptics"
Oregon	reedleminded, insane, epileptic, habitual criminals moral degenerates and sexual perverts"
South Carolina	nercalitary form of insanity, idiocy, imbecility feeblemindedness or enilopsy
South Dakota	reebleminded.
Utah	Habitual criminals, insane, idiots, imbeciles, feebleminded, or epileptics."
Vermont	Prevent procreation of idiots imbeciles feebleminded or insone persons
Virginia	nereditary insanity, idiocy, imbecility feeblemindedness or epilensy"
Washington	revientinged, insane, epileptic, habitual criminals moral degenerates and sexual nerverts
West Virginia	Insanity, impecility, epilepsy idiocy feoblemindedness
Wisconsin	Insane, feebleminded, epileptic and criminal persons.

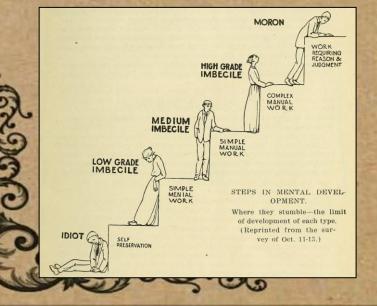




Madison Heights, VA (near Lynchburg)



Carrie and Emma Buck



What Happens When White, Indian and Negro Blood Intermingles?

## MONGREL VIRGINIANS

A Scientific Study of Racial Intermixture as it Developed in the #Win" Tribe in Virginia

By

ARTHUR H. ESTABROOK

"If the Carnegie Institution, Washington

and

IVAN E. McDOUGLE of Goucher College, Baltimore

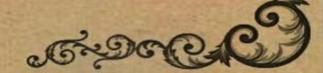
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A Statement of Fact from Eugenical and Sociological Points of View

27 Genealogical charts—7 Tables—Illustrated Cloth—6 x 9—205 pages

The Williams & Wilkins Company Publishers of Scientific Books and Periodicals BALTIMORE, U. S. A.

PM-MVa-36



# Recipes

from the pages of The Lies They Told

# Bonnie's Apple Fritters

## Ingredients

1 1/2 cups all-purpose flour

1/4 cup sugar

2 teaspoons baking powder

1/2 teaspoon salt

1 1/2 teaspoons cinnamon

1/3 cup milk

2 eggs

3 tablespoons applesauce

2 large Granny Smith apples or Honey Crisp apples

peeled cored and diced

canola oil or vegetable oil for frying

#### Glaze

2 cups powdered sugar

1/4 cup milk

1/2 teaspoon vanilla extract

# Instructions

Whisk together flour, sugar, baking powder, salt, and cinnamon in medium bowl. Make a well in the center and add 1/3 cup milk, eggs and applesauce. Stir just to combine. Fold in apples.

I'm fixing to make fritters

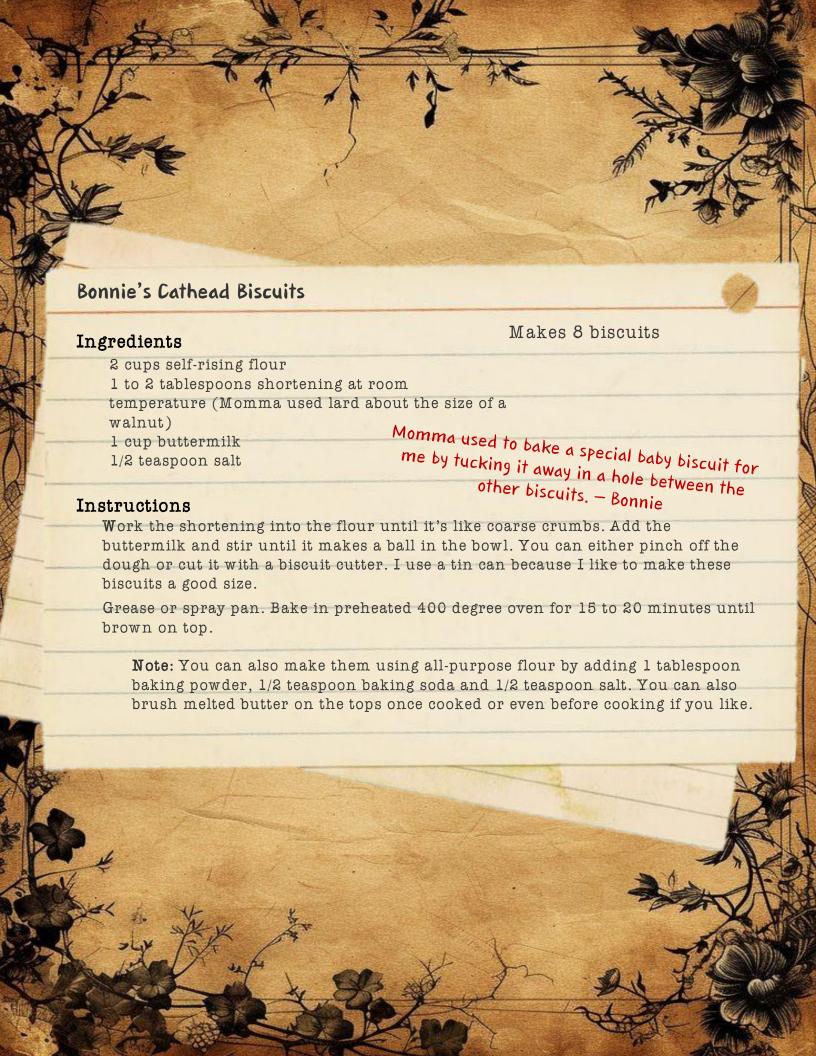
because Daddy liked them

best. - Bonnie

Heat 1 1/2 inches of oil in heavy skillet, dutch oven or deep fryer to 375 degrees. Drop about 1/4 cup of batter per fritter into hot oil; spreading it out as you drop. Gook each side until golden brown; approximately 2 minutes per side. Use a slotted spoon to

remove to paper towels to drain. Whisk together 1/4 cup milk, powdered sugar and vanilla. Dunk each

fritter in the glaze, turning over to make sure both sides coated. Place on wire racks to air dry and drip.



#### Bonnie's Cornbread

#### Ingredients

1 1/4 cups all-purpose flour

1 1/4 cups corn meal

1/3 cup sugar or honey

1 tbsp baking powder

1 tsp salt

1 cup milk

1/3 cup oil (see notes below)

2 lg eggs lightly beaten

If y'all add enough sugar to the cornbread batter, it'll taste as good as any cake you might eat. — Bonnie

#### Instructions

- 1) Preheat oven to 400°F and grease a 10-inch cast iron skillet with 2 tbsp additional oil.
- 2) In a large mixing bowl combine corn meal, flour, sugar, baking powder and salt. Mix well.
- 3) Combine milk, oil and eggs in a small bowl. Mix well.
- 4) Add milk mixture to flour mixture and stir just until blended.
- 5) Pour batter into prepared skillet and bake for 20-25 mins or until golden brown. An inserted cake tester into the center should come out clean when corn bread is done.



#### GRANNY CREED'S MOUSE'S EAR SALVE

#### Ingredients

½ cup dried mouse ears (either hawkweed or chickweed)

l cup oil

1 ounce beeswax

Heat the oil and mouse ears on low heat for about an hour in a slow cooker.

Strain the oil, removing the herb. Add 1 ounce of beeswax to the infused oil. Heat the mixture on low heat until the beeswax melts, stirring to ensure it's fully incorporated. Pour the salve into clean, dry jars while it's still warm.

IF YALL WANT TO MAKE MOUSE EARS MEDICINE THE RIGHT WAY, YOU NEED TO USE HOG LARD AND TURPENTINE. - GRANNY CREED

## Mutti's Christmas Stollen

#### Ingredients

2 packages dry yeast dissolved in  $\frac{1}{2}$  cup warm water

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  cup lukewarm milk

½ cup butter

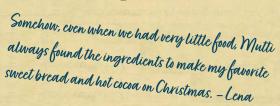
½ cup sugar

2 tsp salt

2 eggs

7 cups flour

Optional: dried fruit, raisins, chopped nuts



#### Instructions

Mix first 7 ingredients together and knead for 6-7 minutes. Place in greased bowl, cover with a clean dishcloth, and let rise in warm place 1-1  $\frac{1}{2}$  hours.

Punch down, work in dried fruit, raisins and/or nuts.

Let rise again for  $\frac{1}{2}$  hour. Divide and roll into six long pieces, braid together to make two loaves. Brush with egg yolk. Sprinkle with sugar and almonds.

Bake at 375 30-40 minutes until brown. Add glaze or confectionary sugar. (optional)

## Mutti's old-fashioned Hot Cocoa

#### Ingredients

½ cup unsweetened cocoa powder

 $\frac{1}{2}$  cup granulated sugar

 $\frac{1}{3}$  cup hot water

½ teaspoon salt

4 cups milk, dairy or non-dairy

1 teaspoon vanilla extract

#### Instructions

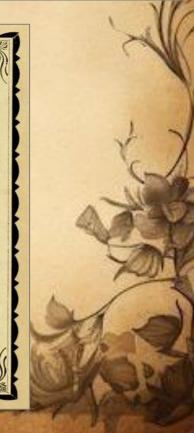
In a medium saucepan, combine the cocoa powder, sugar, water, and salt over medium heat.

Cook, stirring constantly, until smooth and bring to a simmer.

Reduce heat, and stir in the milk, do not boil.

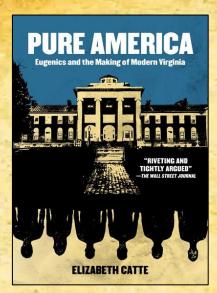
Remove from the heat and stir in the vanilla.

Pour into mugs and serve immediately.



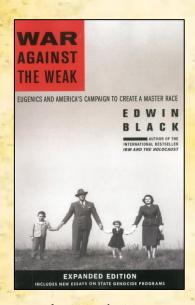
## Further Reading

on the real history behind The Lies They Told



Pure America: Eugenics and the Making of Modern Virginia by Elizabeth Catte (Arcadia Publishing, 2021)

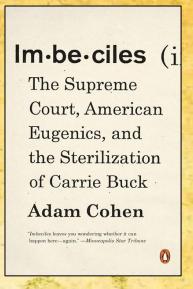
A sweeping, unsparing history of eugenics in Virginia, and by extension the United States.



War Against the Weak: Eugenics and America's

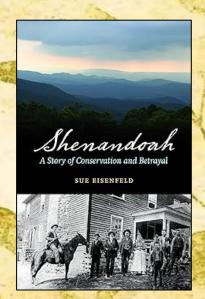
Campaign to Create a Master Race
by Edwin Black
(Dialog Press, 2012)

A chronicle of how American corporate philanthropies launched a national campaign of ethnic cleansing in the United States.



Imbeciles: The Supreme Court, American eugenics, and the Sterilization of Carrie Buck by Adam Cohen (Penguin Random House, 2017)

An examination of the Supreme Court's infamous 1927 *Buck v. Bell* ruling made government sterilization of "undesirable" citizens the law of the land.

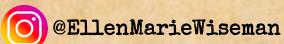


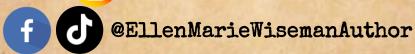
Shenandoah: A
Story of Conservation and Betrayal
by Sue Eisenfeld
(University of Nebraska Press, 2015)

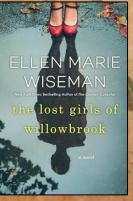


Ellen Marie Wiseman is a New York Times and USA Today bestselling author known for the compassion, authenticity, and depth with which her novels explore real historical injustices. Born and raised in Three Mile Bay, a tiny hamlet in northern New York, she's a first-generation German American who discovered her love of reading and writing while attending first grade in one of the last one-room schoolhouses in New York State. Since then, her novels have been published worldwide, translated into twenty languages, and sold more than one million copies in the United States alone. A mother of two, Ellen lives on the shores of Lake Ontario with her husband.

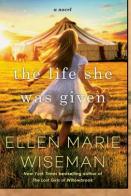
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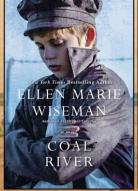
















# Praise from Booksellers & Librarians for *The Lies They Told*

LLEN MARIE

WISEMAN

THE LIES

THEY TOLD

"From the halls of Ellis Island to the backroads of Virginia, Wiseman takes readers on a shocking ride through America's dark secrets of eugenics and land-grabbing. And yet, she tackles them with her customary compassion and respect, creating characters who leave an indelible mark on her readers' souls." – Julie Earhart-Cracchiolo, St. Louis Public Library (St. Louis, MO)

"The shocking treatment of rural Virginians during the eugenics movement is on full display in this riveting, important historical novel. While harrowing in its damning arc of man's inhumanity to man, we root for the resilient, loving Lena and her kinfolk who form an uplifting community that culminates in a warm conclusion." – Robin Stern, Books Inc. (Campbell, CA)

"This is a story that needs to be read and shared." – **Angela Sides**, **Monkey and Dog Books** (Forth Worth, TX)

"Readers find themselves on a heart-wrenching journey through a dark period of American history that needs to be told. And no one can tell it like Ellen Marie Wiseman." – Marianne Colton,

Lockport Public Library (Lockport, NY)

"This unforgettable and deeply affecting story of a young German immigrant begins with an eye-opening and horrifying experience at Ellis Island and is filled with the remarkable, little-known history of American eugenics, forced sterilizations, and the government's underhanded way of obtaining people's generational homes to make way for the Shenandoah National Park. Highly recommended." – Vicki Nesting, St. Charles Parish Library (Destrehan, LA)

"Prepare to be shocked, amazed and engrossed." - Fran Ziegler, Titcomb's Bookshop (East Sandwich, MA)

"A sad part of our history comes to light. But along with the real horrors of land grabs, forced institutionalization, sterilization, and families ripped apart, this story also offers a bit of hope." – Kim McGee, Lake Travis

Community Library (Austin, TX)

"A heart wrenching and well researched window into one of the dark periods of time in America's past."

— Brianna Plumski, Cherry Street Books (Alexandria, MN)

"An intense, well-researched, at times heartbreaking historical novel... I was horrified by the chilling representations of what was once done to those who were considered "lesser" humans. Yet Lena's story continues past those dark times and comes to a more than satisfying conclusion, leaving the reader with a sense of hope." – Julie Stam, Eisenhower Public Library District (Harwood Heights, IL)

"I wouldn't be surprised if this book becomes one of the top 100 of 2025. The author has an incredible talent for crafting a story so vivid, it felt like watching a movie unfold in my mind." – Megan Santos, Under the Lantern Bookshop

"Wiseman's captivating storytelling and faithful recreation of history make for a gripping read. The universal themes of survival, hope, and resistance against oppression are poignant and timely. A truly exceptional novel about a pivotal yet often overlooked chapter in American history." – Karen Troutman, Peru Public Library (Peru, IN)